

Voluntary Co-ordinated Admissions Scheme for In-Year admissions in the area of North Lincolnshire Council from 1 September 2021 onwards

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## Voluntary co-ordinated admissions scheme for primary, infant, junior and secondary schools in the area of North Lincolnshire Council

# Introduction

1. There is no requirement for councils to co-ordinate in-year admissions. The council is offering to continue co-ordinating such admissions on a voluntary basis. This covers all transfers which fall outside the normal primary, infant, junior and secondary admissions phases for all schools in North Lincolnshire.

## Interpretation

2. In this scheme –

"the council" means North Lincolnshire Council,

"primary school" has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Education Act 1996;

"secondary school" has the same meaning as in section 5(2) of the Education Act 1996;

"school" means any state-funded mainstream school and includes community, foundation and voluntary schools and academies;

"faith school" means a school that has been designated as having a religious character by the Secretary of State;

"academy" has the same meaning as in section 1 of the Academies Act 2010;

"admission authority" in relation to a community or voluntary controlled school means the council and, in relation to a foundation, voluntary aided school, or academy means the governing body of that school;

"admission arrangements" means the arrangements for a particular school or schools which govern the procedures and decision making for the purposes of admitting pupils to the school;

"in year" means any application for a place outside the normal round of admissions; and

"eligible for a place" means that a child has been placed on a school's list at such a point which either falls within the school's published admission number or within a higher number that the school is prepared to admit up to.

#### The scheme

- 3. This scheme is made for the purpose of co-ordinating the arrangements for the admission of pupils to primary, infant, junior and secondary schools in the North Lincolnshire Council area ("the scheme").
- 4. The scheme referred to in paragraph 3 shall be determined with the provisions set out in schedule one and processed by the timetable set out in schedule two.
- 5. The scheme is voluntary. Own admission authority schools (such as academies) can participate in the scheme if they wish, but they do not have to do so.
- 6. Own admission authority schools are able to accept applications directly and admit pupils in accordance with their published admissions policies. The School Admissions code states that, if they do so, they must notify the council of both the application and its outcome. If they do not offer a place they must inform parents of their right to appeal against the refusal.
- 7. Own admission authority schools are reminded that a decision to offer or refuse admission must not be made by one individual. The whole governing body, or an admissions committee established by the governing body, must make such decisions.

# Schedule One

## Part 1

#### The scheme for North Lincolnshire Council

- 1. North Lincolnshire Council will have a Common Application Form (CAF) available online and as a paper form for all parents of pupils who reside within North Lincolnshire.
- 2. The CAF can be used as a means of expressing up to six preferences by parents resident within North Lincolnshire wishing to express a preference for their child
  - a) to be admitted to a school within the North Lincolnshire Council area;
  - b) to be admitted to a school located in another council's area.
- 3. The CAF will -
  - a) invite the parent to express up to six preferences by completing the CAF either online or as a paper form, including, where relevant, any schools outside the council's area, in rank order of preference.
  - b) invite parents to give their reasons for each preference.
  - c) together with information contained in the council's "schools guide" (available on the North Lincolnshire website), explain that the parent will receive no more than one offer of a school place and how that place will be allocated.
- 4. The council will make appropriate arrangements to ensure that parents who reside within North Lincolnshire will have access to the CAF and to relevant information which will explain the co-ordinated admissions scheme.
- 5. All preferences expressed on the CAF are valid applications. The governing body of a faith school can require parents, who have named their school as a preference on the CAF, to provide additional information on a supplementary form. This is only where the additional information is required for the governing body to apply their oversubscription criteria to the application.
- 6. This scheme shall be classed as an 'equal preference scheme'. All applications will be considered against the published admission criteria, but without any reference to how the school applied for has been ranked by parents. If a child can be offered a place at more than one school, a

place will be offered at the highest ranked school at which a place was available.

7. Where an own admission authority school has decided to accept applications directly, the paper CAF can be completed by parents to apply for a place at that school.

## **Processing of applications**

- Upon receipt, an application will be recorded on the council's admissions system and a request for a place will be securely emailed to the relevant school(s). Read receipts will be used on email communications to verify receipt.
- 9. The request for a place will specify the date by which the school must inform the council why a place cannot be offered (either because the school is full, or the child is to be referred to the fair access panel for a decision). The date specified will be 14 school days from when the application was received, in order to enable the council to respond to the parent within the 15 school days required (see paragraph 14 below).
- 10. Schools should consider requests immediately and raise any concerns as soon as possible so that most places can be allocated within the desired 10 school days (see paragraph 14 below).
- 11. Schools should ensure that when a child cannot be offered a place the council's admissions team has acknowledged receipt of that information from the school.
- 12. If there is no response from the school by the specified date a place will automatically be allocated for the child and the school will be required to admit.
- 13. Parents/carers will be notified on behalf of all the relevant admission authorities of the outcome of the application. The letter or e-mail will include the following information:
  - The name of the school at which a place is offered;
  - Where a child has been refused a place at a school ranked higher on the CAF than the one at which a place has been offered, the reasons why the child is not being offered that place;
  - Information about their statutory right of appeal against any decisions to refuse a place;
  - Contact details for the relevant council (for community or voluntary controlled schools) and/or for those school where they were not offered a place, so that they can lodge an appeal with the relevant council or governing body responsible;

• Where a child has been refused a place at a school, and the school has a waiting list, that the child's name will be added to that waiting list.

# **Processing timetable**

- 14. The School Admissions Code 2021 requires that local authorities (or admission authorities if they choose to process their own applications) aim to notify parents of the outcome of their application in writing within 10 school days and must notify the outcome in writing within 15 school days.
- 15. Arrangements should be made for children allocated places to start school as soon as possible, particularly where the child is out of school.

# Determining offers in response to applications

- 16. The council will act as a clearing house for the allocation of places by the relevant admission authorities in response to the CAFs. The council will only make any decision with respect to the offer or refusal of a place in response to any preference expressed on the CAF where
  - a) it is acting in its separate capacity as an admission authority, or
  - b) an applicant is eligible for a place at more than one school, or
  - c) an applicant is not eligible for a place at any school that the parent has nominated.
- 17. A child's eligibility for a place at school will be determined by reference to the school's admissions arrangements. The council will match the offer against the schools named on the CAF and:
  - Where the child is eligible for a place at only one of the schools named on the CAF, that place will be allocated.
  - Where the child is eligible for a place at two or more of the schools named on the common application form a place will be provisionally allocated at the school ranked the highest.
  - Where the request is due to a house move and the child is not eligible for a place at any of the named schools, the child will be provisionally allocated a place at the next nearest school with a place available.
  - Where the request is for other than a house move, and the child is not eligible for a place at any of the named schools, the parent will be given the option to keep the child's place at their current school.

## Part II Fair Access and waiting lists

- 18. In year coordination differs from "fair access", as the fair access protocol only comes into effect if a suitable place cannot be secured using the normal arrangements.
- 19. The council will maintain waiting lists for all community and voluntary controlled schools. It will also do this for own admission authority schools that have purchased the council's admissions service and who wish it to do so.
- 20. Where a child has been refused a place at a school, and the school has a waiting list, the child's name will be added to that waiting list.
- 21. Waiting lists do not operate on a "first come, first served" basis. In accordance with the School Admissions code, children on a waiting list are ranked in priority order against the school's published oversubscription criteria. A later application can therefore be placed at the top of a waiting list if the child has a higher ranking. An example of this would be that, for most schools, a child living in the catchment area will be ranked higher than one who lives outside the catchment area.

## Part III False information

- 22. Where, under the scheme, the offer of a place is found to be based on a fraudulent or intentionally misleading application which effectively denied a place to a child with a stronger claim to the place at the school, the offer of the place may be withdrawn where this provision is included in the respective admission arrangements of the respective admission authority.
- 23. In determining whether to withdraw the offer of the place, account will be taken of whether the child has commenced at the school and, if so, the length of time the child has been attending.
- 24. Where a place, or an offer has been withdrawn, the application will be reconsidered and an independent appeal offered where the child cannot be re-offered a place or re-admitted to the school.

# Schedule two

## Determination of the next nearest school

- 1. When a preference cannot be met the "next nearest school" as referred to in paragraph 16 of schedule one will be one with places available.
- 2. The "next nearest school" means
  - The catchment school, if that has not been named as a preference, subject to places being available and with the agreement of the admission authority of the school. Where there are two catchment schools this will be the school nearest to the home address by means of the shortest available route;
  - If a place cannot be allocated at the catchment school the nearest school will be a school within North Lincolnshire. This will be determined by measuring the shortest available route
  - The shortest available route is measured by using the public road network from the pupil's home to the main school entrance as determined by the council. The distance will be measured by using a computerised geographical information system (GIS) provided by Capita Education Services and North Lincolnshire Local Land and Property Gazetteer
  - The admission policy for the school will determine which pupils should be allocated a place where there are insufficient places.

#### Schedule three

#### The admission authorities of North Lincolnshire

All community and voluntary controlled schools are covered by this scheme, as the council is the admission authority. Other schools may choose to participate in the scheme if they wish to do so.

#### Community Schools Admissions authority: North Lincolnshire Council

Bottesford Infant School Enderby Road Infant School

Bottesford Junior School Leys Farm Junior School

Alkborough Primary School Berkeley Primary School Brigg Primary School Burton-on-Stather Primary School Crosby Primary School Goxhill Primary School Holme Valley Primary School Kirton in Lindsey Primary School Luddington and Garthorpe Primary School Oakfield Primary School South Ferriby Primary School Winteringham Primary School Bushfield Road Infant School Frodingham Infant School

Winterton Junior School

Althorpe and Keadby Primary School Bowmandale Primary School Broughton Primary School Castledyke Primary School East Halton Primary School The Grange Primary School Killingholme Primary School Lincoln Gardens Primary School Messingham Primary School Priory Lane Community School Westcliffe Primary School

**Baysgarth School** 

Frederick Gough School

## Voluntary Controlled Schools Admissions authority: North Lincolnshire Council

#### Faith schools that do not use any faith-based oversubscription criteria.

Winterton CE Infant School

Barton St Peter's CE Primary School Gunness and Burringham CE Primary School John Harrison CE Primary School New Holland CE and Methodist Primary School Scunthorpe CE Primary School Wroot Travis Charity Primary School

Belton All Saints CE Primary School Haxey CE Primary School Kirmington CE Primary School St Barnabas' CE Primary School West Butterwick Primary School

Non-faith school Sir John Nelthorpe School

#### Voluntary Aided Schools Admissions authority: The governing body of the school Faith school that uses faith-based oversubscription criteria.

Wootton St Andrew's CE Primary School

#### Faith schools that do not use faith-based oversubscription criteria.

Eastoft CE Primary School St Martins CE Primary School

#### Foundation School Admissions authority: The governing body of the school This is a faith school that does not use any faith-based oversubscription criteria.

St Peter and St Paul CE Primary School

# Academies Admissions authority: The governing body of the Academy

#### Non-faith academies

Crowle Primary Academy Epworth Primary Academy Hibaldstow Academy Oasis Academy Henderson Avenue Oasis Academy Parkwood Outwood Junior Academy Brumby Scawby Academy Willoughby Road Primary Academy Worlaby Academy

Huntcliff School Melior Community Academy Outwood Academy Brumby Outwood Academy Foxhills South Axholme Academy The Axholme Academy The Vale Academy Winterton Community Academy

#### Faith academies that do not use any faith-based oversubscription criteria

Ulceby St Nicholas CE Primary School Westwoodside CE Primary School Wrawby St Mary's CE Primary School The St Lawrence Academy

Faith academies that do use faith-based oversubscription criteria St Augustine Webster Catholic Voluntary Academy St Bernadette's Catholic Primary Voluntary Academy St Mary's Catholic Primary Voluntary Academy St Norbert's Catholic Primary Voluntary Academy

Saint Bede's Catholic Voluntary Academy